

# IN BATTLE ARRAY.

The Russian Army Is Drawn Up in a Valley.

East of Liao Yang About Eleven Miles Distant.

FORCE OF 170,000 MEN.

Await the Attack of Japanese Combined Armies.

Kuropatkin's Report on Fighting of Past Two Days.

Hsiao-tsun, Eleven Miles East of Liao Yang, Aug. 28.—The Russian army on an Ping this afternoon debouched upon the Liao Yang plain, after fighting a rear guard action for nearly ten miles from an Ping, bringing its wounded and burying its dead on the way. Six guns are reported to have been lost, but a number of Japanese were captured, showing signs of great fatigue and hardships. The enormous army, the last of which passed out on the Lan valley at 5 o'clock this afternoon seems to fill the entire plain from the foothills to the ancient walls. The army was disposed in an orderly manner through the vast fields of Chinese corn, the soldiers singing as they went into camp, despite their unbroken series of reverses, while the baggage and transport trains caught in the muddy rivulets, attracted the cheery assistance of everybody. Nothing apparently affected the heartiness of the men in the ranks. The line of wounded men which reached the great east gate this evening, passed silently through the streets as deserted as the aisles of the catacombs. The litter bearers, with their solitary lanterns, presented an impressive spectacle, aving the Chinese, who today for the first time realized the imminence of a battle.

The Fighting Up to Date.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 28.—5:05 P. M.—The operations around Liao Yang have undergone a complete change. Owing to the delay in the concentration of General Kuropatkin's army as a result of the terrible condition of the roads, the Japanese seized the opportunity to attack the slow moving corps and severe fighting occurred August 27-28, in which the Russians lost another opportunity will have to accept a general engagement. General Kuropatkin himself describes the latest phase of the hostilities in a long and detailed report, or from a point on the railroad a few miles south of Liao Yang where practically the whole army was assembled and awaiting orders. The telegram, which was filed early this morning says:

"The Japanese began at dawn August 27, two movements designed to cut off the first and fourth corps. The first, stationed at Anshanshan half way between Hai Cheng and Liao Yang experienced the most serious difficulty owing to bad roads. The Japanese under General Oku tried to flank this corps from the east. In the meanwhile General Kuropatkin abandoned the pressure of the Japanese, and by a series of maneuvers drove a wedge between the second and fourth corps, which were stationed west of Laidianshan. The Russian position in the hills 24 miles southeast of Liao Yang. The Russians, greatly impeded by their artillery and commissariat fought a series of rear guard actions in order to cover the retreat of their impediments to Liao Yang, in which they were successful. The first corps which figured at the battle of Yalu and in the fighting at Mo Tien pass, again sustained the brunt of the fighting and suffered the majority of the losses including General Foutkovsky and Colonel von Raaben. The First, Second and Fourth corps, combined under the command of Gen. Zarubaitsev and the Russian army, and Third corps under General Ivanoff, forming the eastern contingent, succeeded in effecting a concentration at Liao Yang without further loss."

The whole six corps, of which two are European troops have now formed a semi-circle, with a radius of six or eight miles of Liao Yang.

General Kuropatkin has not far short of 170,000 men.

A Russian Flank Movement.

Mukden, Aug. 28.—In the fighting of August 26, the 12th Russian regiment, with a battery executed a particularly successful flanking movement on the Japanese extreme right. The Russians perceived and got to the rear of the Japanese, whole column of whom were mowed before they were able to extricate themselves. Eye witnesses agree in admiring the fanatical bravery of the Japanese. Many of the wounded committed suicide rather than fall into the hands of the Russians. An additional detachment of 800 Russian wounded was sent northward Sunday.

Russian Losses 3,000.

Harbin, Manchuria, Aug. 29.—The Russian losses in the fighting of August 26 and 27, east and south of Liao Yang, were 3,000 killed or wounded. The great majority of the casualties were sustained at an Ping. The withdrawals of the Russians from their front at Anshanshan and from their eastern position was made simultaneously for strategic reasons.

Abandoned Commissary Stores.

London, Aug. 29.—A dispatch to a news agency from Tokyo on Sunday's date, in reporting the Japanese occupation of an Ping and Tang-ho-yen says:

"On the Japanese advancing to attack an Ping the Russians evacuated the place, abandoning large quantities of stores."

"It is roughly computed that the Russian force around Liao Yang consists of thirteen divisions."

Wires Open to Liao Yang.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 29.—The department of telegraphs informs the Associated Press that the lines are working direct to Liao Yang, thus refuting definitely the report that General Kuropatkin had cut the railroad.

CAN'T HOLD OUT LONG.

General Stoessel Cables the Czar Regarding Port Arthur Situation.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 29.—A p. m.—It is reported from a reliable source that Lieutenant General Stoessel, commander of the Russian military forces at Port Arthur, has telegraphed to the emperor thanking him for

# STRIKE NEAR END

Indications Point to an Early Settlement or Surrender.

Leaders Find It Hard to Hold Men in Line.

WILLING TO GIVE UP

On Any Terms That Will Look Like a Settlement.

Packers Say Only Unconditional Surrender Will Be Accepted.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Representatives of the packers held a long secret meeting this forenoon. They decline to make any statement concerning its purpose beyond denying that any communication had been received from the strike leaders.

With the strike relief funds depleted and crowds of hungry men vainly scrambling for food at the commissary stores, it taxed the labor leaders to find a way to prevent a stampede from the union ranks today. "Wait until tomorrow and we shall present to the packers a peace proposal which they can not decline to accept," they told the men.

"There is nothing left for the men but unconditional surrender," said a packer. "The leaders should not hesitate in calling the strike off so that the men who are anxious can find work. Many of them will be rehired in packing town, but there are thousands who must look elsewhere for employment and they should be released so they can begin their hunt for work outside the stock yards. It does not make any difference whether the packers are willing to submit—we shall not deal with the unions. The only terms of surrender we shall consider will be the return of the men as individuals."

The packing house teamsters will meet tonight to discuss the advisability of declaring the strike off, so far as they are concerned.

It is understood that the peace pact which the leaders have prepared provides that the men shall be taken back to work and the wage scale in effect before the strike be recognized. The effort of the leaders is to devise some means of surrender that can be construed as a "settlement."

TO PLEASE UNCLE SAM.

Russia Will Make Substantial Concessions Regarding Contraband.

London, Aug. 29.—The Russian government has given assurances to Great Britain that there is absolutely no ground for the charge that the Russian warships are discriminating against British shipping in favor of German or other shipping in connection with their options to search for contraband. It is explicitly stated that Russia is not pursuing British ships, German ships, or ships of any other nationality, but that she is solely pursuing contraband. This assurance has gone far to allay the anxiety of the government there when had been receiving official information indicating discrimination.

The British office has also been officially advised of the appointment of the joint commission representing the Russian and foreign marine ministries to investigate the charges.

It is realized here that if the railroad north of Liao Yang is cut the position of the Russian army will be rendered serious. In Manchuria, it is believed, the Russian army will probably be compelled to accept an engagement against his will. The train, which has again been falling in Manchuria, will probably serve the Russians more than the Japanese as their retirement as soon as they are forced to retreat will be rapid, whereas it is likely to almost completely stop Japanese forward movement.

FROM VLADIVOSTOK.

The Steamer Arabia Has Arrived at Shanghai.

Shanghai, August 29.—Evening.—The German steamer Arabia, belonging to the Hamburg-Amerika line, arrived here from Vladivostok. This is the vessel that was captured by the Russian Vladivostok squadron in July. A prize crew was taken on board and the vessel was taken to Vladivostok where she arrived July 28. All the white men among her crew were well treated by the Russians. She was tried before a Russian court which condemned 20,000 barrels of flour and 71 railroad car bodies. The remainder of the cargo and the vessel were released.

The British steamer Cachas, from Tacoma for Japanese ports which was arrested by the Vladivostok squadron 30 miles north of Tokyo by the Russian warships were cruising off the Pacific coast of Japan last July was also taken into Vladivostok. The flour and lumber on board the Cachas was confiscated by the Russians without awaiting the action of the prize court. The Cachas is now at Vladivostok with the balance of her cargo on board.

The Arabia brought 90 bags of mail for Japan which were taken from the Cachas. With the exception of two small Japanese sailing vessels the only other prize at Vladivostok is the British steamer Allanton.

The Arabia brought also to Shanghai the captain and crew of the German steamer Thea, which was sunk by the Vladivostok fleet when loaded with fish and other goods. The Russian attempt to take the Thea into port. The Arabia reports that there are few signs of war at Vladivostok. Two trains leave the port daily. Victory Alexeyev is at the town and is full of officers and troops. Meat and flour are plentiful but sugar and clear are scarce. The Russian cruiser Orel is nearly completely wrecked from their engagement August 14, with the Japanese fleet under Vice Admiral Kakinuma, in a terribly damaged condition. It is reported that they were able to make port at all. The repairs to the Russian cruiser Bogatyr which was damaged by running aground near Vladivostok are nearly completed.

The steamship Arabia sailed from Portland, Ore., on the night of July 1, carrying about 5,000 tons of freight valued at \$17,000. The cargo included 32,726 barrels of flour and a large quantity of material used in construction of railway cars consigned to Kobe and Nagasaki.

Rublin Would Fight Jess.

Arkon, O., Aug. 29.—Gus Rublin, the Akron Giant, has challenged Champion Jeffries for a fight at any time and on any terms. Since he has been named by Jeffries, Rublin has been at his home in Ohio. He says that he is in good shape and would be ready to fight within two months.

# GOVERNOR IS AT HOME.

Made a Speech at his Old Home in Illinois.

German Military Experts Discuss Situation at Liao Yang.

Kuropatkin's Defenses Are of Extraordinary Strength.

EQUALIZE DIFFERENCE

Between the Size of the Opposing Armies.

Russians Are in Danger of Being Bottled Up.

Among the Orators Will Be Governor Bailey, H. J. Allen and E. W. Hoch.

Baldwin, Kas., Aug. 29.—Baker will begin his forty-second year Tuesday, September 13, which is enrolling day. On Wednesday, also, there will be the laying of the cornerstone of the Case Library building. Governor W. J. Bailey will be president of the day. Speeches will be delivered by E. W. Hoch, Justice Cunningham, of the state supreme court; Judge H. J. Allen, of the Fourth Circuit Court; General Bristow, whose son will be in the sophomore class of Baker this year; and Judge H. J. Allen, of the Fourth Circuit Court. The classes will be organized and the annual opening address will be delivered by F. P. Campbell of the class of '88. At night will other religious and social ceremonies including Dr. Walter M. Patton as the occupant of the Florence B. Nicholson chair of philosophy and Dr. H. J. Allen, of the E. M. Randall, D. D., of the class of '86, now general secretary of the Epworth League, will also deliver an address.

# DOUBTS MOSES.

Prof. Mahaffy Doesn't Believe Author of Genesis Was Inspired.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Tracing the greatest truths of the Christian religion to an origin in the beliefs of heathen nations, and expressing the opinion that many of the writings of the bible are not inspired products of the origin of the world, Prof. De M. Mahaffy, of the University of Dublin has delivered the convocation sermon to the University of Chicago graduating class in Mandel hall.

Dr. Mahaffy used for his subject: "What Doth Christianity Owe to the Jews?"

"The doctrines of the trinity and the incarnation were imported from primitive peoples," said the speaker. "The trinity comes from the documents of the Egyptians and Indians and the incarnation from Buddhism. It is remarkable that the notion of sacrifice appears in the bible and in the legends of all civilized nations, but also in the lower races commonly called heathen and primitive and whose notions of religion are not far removed from those of the Egyptians and Indians and the incarnation from Buddhism. It is remarkable that the notion of sacrifice appears in the bible and in the legends of all civilized nations, but also in the lower races commonly called heathen and primitive and whose notions of religion are not far removed from those of the Egyptians and Indians and the incarnation from Buddhism."

"I do not believe that Genesis is an inspired book and that Moses was directly inspired in writing his account of the origin of the world. He used old documents of the Egyptians and Mesopotamians and did not write from direct observation."

"The serpent in the garden of Eden was not a satan disguised as many good people have been taught to believe. The serpent is merely the most subtle of the reptiles and the weaving of them into the glorious texture of Christian faith."

Dr. Mahaffy blamed the churches both of England and America for narrowness of belief and bigotry in their creeds. "Each church thinks that the other's doctrine is false," he declared. "Shall we, then make religion so small and narrow that it cannot hold even a casual adherent? Shall we make it all the Christians of our own nation?"

# ONE LEGGED MAN WON.

Swimming Contest From Brooklyn Bridge to Coney Island.

New York, Aug. 29.—An endurance swimming match from the Brooklyn bridge to Coney Island, in which the volunteer life saving corps has resulted in victory for a man with one leg. The winner was Charles Seigrist of Bay Ridge, who covered the distance in five hours and 45 minutes.

Two young women were close behind him at the finish. One of them fainted after they had nearly the entire distance. Otherwise they probably would have won. Both have participated in numerous other contests and showed remarkable skill. Nearly all the men contestants gave up long before Coney Island was sighted because of the cold water and swift current. Several were rescued and taken from the water and one or two had to be removed to the hospital.

# EPISCOPAL DELEGATES.

Several Topeka Priests Will Attend the Boston Convention.

Boston, Aug. 29.—A list of the delegates appointed from the episcopate of the world to the Episcopal general convention here in October has been given out by the convention committee. The list of western delegates includes the following:

Missouri—The Rev. James R. Winchester, St. Louis; the Rev. Carroll M. Davis, St. Louis; the Rev. William Short, St. Louis; the Rev. Edmund Duckworth, St. Louis. Alternates—The Rev. William Elmer, St. Louis; the Rev. Leslie F. Potter, Kirkwood; the Rev. Henry P. Horton, Columbia; the Rev. Jesse K. Brennan, St. Louis; the Rev. Robert Talbot, Kansas City; the Rev. C. A. Weed, Joplin; the Rev. J. D. Lamotte, St. Joseph; the Rev. T. B. Foster, Kansas City; the Rev. J. Stewart Smith, Kansas City; the Rev. Edmund A. Neville, Sedalia; the Rev. Walter S. Trowbridge, Springfield; the Rev. J. R. Atwill, Carthage.

Kansas—The Rev. J. P. De Bevers, Topeka; the Rev. William R. Cray, Atchison; the Rev. C. B. Crawford, Topeka; the Rev. J. K. Ritchie, Wichita. Alternates—The Rev. J. E. Baxter, Lawrence; the Rev. John Bennett, Clinton; the Rev. J. W. Butler, Jr., Winfield; the Rev. John C. Anderson, Dodge City; the Rev. Arthur M. Griffin, Minneapolis.

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# LIKE UNTO METZ.

German Military Experts Discuss Situation at Liao Yang.

Kuropatkin's Defenses Are of Extraordinary Strength.

EQUALIZE DIFFERENCE

Between the Size of the Opposing Armies.

Russians Are in Danger of Being Bottled Up.

Berlin, Aug. 29.—German military men are discussing the situation of General Kuropatkin with the keenest interest. They have information that the defenses of Liao Yang are of extraordinary strength. The fortifying of the town was entrusted to General Melishko, who enjoys here the reputation of being a master of military engineering. During the past two months, he has fortified all the strategic positions around Liao Yang in a manner well nigh impregnable. Triple lines of trenches crown every height where artillery could be effective. The entire line of fortifications is connected through passages for facilitating the reinforcement of endangered points, while bomb proof retreats covered with steel rails protect reserves. All important points have telegraphic communication with headquarters.

The German critics think Liao Yang's defenses about equalize the difference in numbers between the Russians, estimated at 180,000, and the Japanese, numbering 240,000. The danger of Gen. Kuropatkin's situation is recognized as one of being bottled up like Field Marshal Bazaine in September in Metz. He used to be bottled up by the German forces in 1870. It is doubted by the experts if Gen. Kuropatkin will be able to prevent the complete encirclement of his army. He will, mean, probably, the eventual loss of his entire army. The Japanese delay of action is believed to have been due to the necessity of bringing up their guns with which to break the Russian fortifications.

# WOMEN SMASH JOINTS.

Do a Very Thorough Job at Four Resorts and Cuba Jail.

Cuba, Kan., Aug. 29.—Saturday afternoon Mrs. E. C. Fites and Mrs. William McDonald, the wives of two of the most prosperous and respected citizens in town, it is charged, quietly walked into a joint here and began to smash everything in sight. They completely demolished the bar and fixtures, broke every bottle in the ice box and opened every keg, allowing the contents to run onto the floor and into the street.

After demolishing their work of destruction there, they were joined by about twenty-five other women, and the entire party started on the raid of four other joints with hatchets. Everything in sight at these places was smashed.

When the women arrived at the city jail they found it filled to the roof with beer, which they soon yielded to about twenty-five other women, and the entire party started on the raid of four other joints with hatchets. Everything in sight at these places was smashed.

The women wound up with the announcement that if anyone undertakes to molest any woman, sooner or later meet the same fate that was meted out to these jointists. Up to noon of Monday there had been a steady stream of women called on Judge Brown and asked him what action he expected to take in the matter. Judge Brown replied that he would not take any action for him to express any opinion in the matter before a complaint had been filed against them. "But," he added, "you may rest assured I will do my duty if the matter comes before me for trial."

Esopus, N. Y., Aug. 29.—Uninterrupted work on his letter accepting the Democratic nomination for president and elaborating his views upon the questions at issue in the campaign was Judge Parker's programme today.

William F. Sheehan returned to New York on the early train after spending Sunday at his summer home here. During his stay he has had in all several hours' conference with the candidate, during which the political situation, especially in the east, has been discussed.

# STRUCK BY THE FLYER.

Santa Fe Tosses a Wagon Load of Hogs From the Track.

Carbondale, Kan., Aug. 29.—W. B. Hulen, who lives three miles west of here, had a narrow escape from death this morning while driving to town with a load of hogs. When crossing the Santa Fe tracks his wagon was struck by the Colorado flyer, passenger No. 10, and made into kindling wood. The strange part of it was Hulen and his horses escaped death and only one hog was killed.

The Weather Is Warmer.

The rain last night amounted to .02 of an inch. The maximum temperature Sunday was 88. The hourly temperatures today were:

8 o'clock.....86.1 o'clock.....77  
9 o'clock.....89.12 o'clock.....79  
10 o'clock.....71.1 o'clock.....81  
11 o'clock.....74.2 o'clock.....83

The wind at two o'clock was south, blowing 5 miles an hour.

FELL OFF A TRAIN.

B. M. Bodworth of Clifton, Kansas, Seriously Injured.

B. M. Bodworth of Clifton, Kas., fell from a Rock Island excursion train near Williamstown Sunday and was picked up by farmers and taken to Perry, Mo., where he was yesterday taken on an excursion train from Smith Centre to Kansas City and in some manner fell from the train near Perry, Mo., where he was yesterday taken by local doctors and was brought to Topeka today where he was taken to Stormont hospital. He was seriously injured by the fall from the train.

# HE SAW SPIRITS.

That is What Troubled Mr. Henry Steffens.

School Fund Commission Forced Into Courts.

Political Managers Try to Bolster Them Up.

SUE STATE JOURNAL.

They Ask for the Modest Sum of \$45,000.

Action Can Not Be Tried Before Election.

Butte, Mont., Aug. 29.—A Miles City, Mont., dispatch says:

It is believed that Roadmaster Ben Johnson of the Northern Pacific railroad frustrated an attempt to hold a special early election, by a party man who went to the rear of the train was told to get back in the car by a man with a revolver. The passengers who went back to the car were driven away. Roadmaster Johnson got off two stations east and telegraphed to Sheriff Savage to meet the party at Miles City. The sheriff met there with a posse, but the suspect jumped off opposite the section house. Johnson followed and grappled with him, but he broke away and disappeared. They exchanged two shots each.

# ATTEMPTED HOLD UP.

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# LABOR DAY PROCLAMATION.

Governor Bailey Issues His Annual Statement.

Governor Bailey today issued the Labor day proclamation, setting September 5 as the date. The proclamation is as follows:

"Our lawmakers, both state and national, having recognized the dignity and importance of labor by proper legislation setting apart the first Monday in September in each year to give recognition to the great army of laborers who contribute so much to produce the wealth and greatness of this country."

Therefore, I, W. J. Bailey, governor of the state of Kansas, in accordance with law and with the purpose of prayer, do hereby proclaim the first Monday in September in each year to be Labor day, to be observed as such by the people of this state. I do hereby declare that the people everywhere may give worthy and proper recognition of the day."

"My testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Kansas, this 29th day of August, 1904."

[Signed] W. J. BAILEY, Governor.

# AUTO KILLS TWO.

Barney Oldfield Figures in Another Smashup at World's Fair.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 29.—Blinded by dust thrown by the swiftly moving machine of C. W. or Toledo, O. Barney Oldfield of Cleveland, O., lost control of his machine in a false start of the fifth event of the world's fair automobile speed contest, and crashing through the outer fence of the course, instantly killed a woman and a child, and inflicted injuries upon Nathan Montgomery, a negro, from Kansas, who was standing near the Oldfield was painfully injured and his machine completely demolished.

# GOV. BAILEY'S STRIKE.

Shoots Good Oil Well in Montgomery County on 80-Acre Lease.

Cherryvale, Aug. 29.—Governor Bailey shot a good well at Wayside in Montgomery county recently. His company has eighty acres of the lease and eight in another. C. E. Foote of Topeka is managing the property.

# COAL IN ATCHISON.

A Thick Vein of First Class Fuel Is Struck by the Workers.

Atchison, Kas., Aug. 29.—Coal was struck at the earth today, beyond a Kansas coal field. The vein is a thick one and the coal first class.

# LOOMIS GOES TO COLORADO.

Will Take Testimony in the Kansas Colorado Case.

N. H. Loomis went to Pueblo, Colo., today where he will continue taking evidence in the Kansas-Colorado suit over the diversion of water in the Arkansas river.

S. S. Ashbaugh of Wichita will also go to Colorado to help with the taking of testimony.

"We are taking enough time to do this work thoroughly," said Mr. Loomis today. "We have a good case and we think the indications are that we will eventually win the points we are fighting for. I cannot say today how long it will take to get the testimony which will be taken in Colorado."

# NEW MEN FOR MILWAUKEE.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 29.—President Holland has been advised of the sale by Springfield, Ill., of the stock of the Milwaukee and Third Baseman. Hankey, the former will probably not go to Milwaukee until after the "Three I" League season closes.

# WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Forecast for Kansas: Unsettled tonight and Tuesday, with probably local showers; easterly winds prevailing.

# SUITS IS FILED.

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